



Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers
Medical/Poison Control:
 In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center

Transportation/National Response Center:

1-800-535-5053-3
52-323-3500

NOTE: The National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

1. Identification

This Safety Data Sheet is available in American Spanish upon request. Los Datos de Seguridad pueden obtenerse en Español si lo requiere.

Product Name:	Blockade Fire-Rated Intumescent Acrylic Latex Sealant	Revision Date:	3/29/2024
Product UPC Number:	070798740587	Supercedes Date:	4/12/2022
Product Use/Class:	Caulking Compound	SDS No:	8001066
Manufactured For	DAP Global Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)	Imported by:	DAP Canada 475 Finchdene Square Unit 5 Scarborough, Ontario M1X 1B7 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)
	SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com		SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com
	Emergency Telephone: 1-800-535-5053, 1-352-323-3500, 1-800-222-1222		Emergency Telephone: 1-800-535-5053, 1-352-323-3500

Preparer: Regulatory and Environmental Affairs

2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

Acute Tox. 4 Inhalation, Carc. 1A, Eye Irrit. 2A, Repr. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT RE 2

Symbol(s) of Product**Signal Word**

Danger

Possible Hazards

43% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irritation, category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Carcinogenicity, category 1A	H350	May cause cancer.
Reproductive Toxicity, category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see ... on this label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	68333-79-9	7-13	GHS07	H319
Zinc borate	1332-07-6	7-13	GHS07-GHS08	H319-361
Graphite	7782-42-5	5-10	GHS02	H252
Butene, homopolymer	9003-29-6	3-7	GHS07-GHS08	H304-315-332
Limestone	1317-65-3	3-7	GHS07	H315-319
Soda lime borosilicate glass	65997-17-3	3-7	GHS08	H350
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	1-5	GHS08	H372
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	1-5	GHS07	H315-319
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	0.5-1.5	GHS05-GHS06-GHS08	H314-330-351
Nitric acid	7697-37-2	0.1-1.0	GHS05-GHS06-GHS08	H314-330-350
Respirable crystalline silica	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H332-350-370-372
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	0.1-1.0	GHS06-GHS08	H301-330-351

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. If you experience difficulty in

breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: In case of contact, wash skin immediately with soap and water.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None Known.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

6. Accidental Release Measures

ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Clean area as appropriate. Dispose of saturated absorbent or cleaning materials appropriately. Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain federal and state requirements.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV-TWA</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV STEL</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-CEILING</u>
Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Zinc borate	2 mg/m3 TWA As	6 mg/m3 STEL As	N.E.	N.E.
	Borate compounds, inorganic [RR-33876-1] inhalable particulate matter	Borate compounds, inorganic [RR-33876-1] inhalable particulate matter		
Graphite	2 mg/m3 TWA all forms except graphite fibers respirable particulate matter	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA synthetic total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA synthetic respirable fraction, 15 mppcf TWA natural respirable dust	N.E.
Butene, homopolymer	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Limestone	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.

Soda lime borosilicate glass	1 fiber/cm ³ TWA As Continuous filament glass fibers [RR-01545-2] respirable fibers: length >5 µm, aspect ratio >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification [4-mm objective], using phase-contrast illumination Synthetic vitreous fibers, 5 mg/m ³ TWA As Continuous filament glass fibers [RR-01545-2] inhalable particulate matter Synthetic vitreous fibers	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Propylene glycol	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Iron oxide	5 mg/m ³ TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	10 mg/m ³ TWA fume, 15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust Rouge, 5 mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction Rouge	N.E.
Sulfuric acid	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA thoracic particulate matter	N.E.	1 mg/m ³ TWA	N.E.
Nitric acid	2 ppm TWA	4 ppm STEL	2 ppm TWA, 5 mg/ m ³ TWA	N.E.
Respirable crystalline silica	0.025 mg/m ³ TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	50 µg/m ³ TWA Respirable crystalline silica	N.E.
Chlorothalonil	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation
Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Notes

14808-60-7 The 2002 ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents lists the median Respirable Particulate Mass (RPM) point for crystalline silica at 4.0 microns in terms of the particle's aerodynamic diameter.

The TLVs for crystalline silica represent the respirable fraction.

OSHA PEL TWA for Quartz is calculated using the following formula: 10 mg/m³/(% SiO₂ + 2). Both concentration and percent quartz for the application of this limit are to be determined from the fraction passing a size selector with the following characteristics.

Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere)	Percent passing selector
2	90
2.5	75
3.5	50
5.0	25
10	0

14808-60-7 Crystalline silica is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exists. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1053. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to 29 CFR 1910.1053.

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m³) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift.



SKIN PROTECTION: Rubber gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Color:	Red	Appearance:	Paste
Odor:	Very Slight Ammonia	Physical State:	Solid
Density, g/cm³:	1.38	Odor Threshold:	Not Established
Freeze Point, °C:	Not Established	pH:	Between 7.0 and 12.0
Solubility in Water:	Not Established	Viscosity (mPa.s):	Not Established
Decomposition Temperature, °C:	Not Established	Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water:	Not Established
Boiling Range, °C:	N.A. Mixture w/o a constant boiling point.	Explosive Limits, %:	N.E.
Minimum Flash Point, °C:	Water - based, does not flash.	Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	Not Established
Evaporation Rate:	Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate	Vapor Pressure, mmHg:	Not Established
Vapor Density:	Heavier Than Air	Flash Method:	Not Applicable
Combustible Dust:	Does not support combustion		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e., CO_x, NO_x.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause mild irritation of respiratory system (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause mild irritation of eyes and skin. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica,

quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin Contact

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
68333-79-9	Polyposphoric acids, ammonium salts	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
1332-07-6	Zinc borate	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>10000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
7782-42-5	Graphite	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.
9003-29-6	Butene, homopolymer	10000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	>19.2 mg/L Rat
1317-65-3	Limestone	6450 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
65997-17-3	Soda lime borosilicate glass	>2000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
57-55-6	Propylene glycol	22000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	2140 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	173.5 mg/L Rat
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.
14808-60-7	Respirable crystalline silica	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil	>242 mg/kg Rat	>10000 mg/kg Rabbit	0.10 mg/L Rat

N.I. = No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

14. Transport Information

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

DOT UN/NA Number: N.A.
 DOT Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated
 DOT Technical Name: N.A.
 DOT Hazard Class: N.A.
 Hazard SubClass: N.A.
 Packing Group: N.A.

15. Regulatory Information

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Zinc borate	1332-07-6
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

Revision Date: 3/29/2024 **Supersedes Date:** 4/12/2022

Reason for revision: Product Composition Changed
 Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
 02 - Hazards Identification
 05 - Flammability Information
 08 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
 09 - Physical & Chemical Information
 11 - Toxicological Information
 15 - Regulatory Information
 16 - Other Information
 Substance Chemical Name Changed
 Substance CAS Number Changed
 Substance Regulatory CAS Number Changed
 Revision Statement(s) Changed

Datasheet produced by: Regulatory Department

HMIS Ratings:

Health:	Flammability:	Reactivity:	Personal Protection:
1	1	0	X

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 46.0

VOC Material, g/L: 31

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%: 1.26

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: 2.3

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H252 Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire.
 H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS02	
GHS05	
GHS06	
GHS07	
GHS08	

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

We believe the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.